agreement is so terminated, the exporter will be compensated for reasonable losses, as determined by CCC, resulting from such termination. These losses will not include lost profits and will not exceed the bonus value under the Agreement.

- (i) Amendment of agreements. (1) CCC will have the authority to amend an Agreement, either before or after such Agreement has been breached by the exporter, if the exporter requests that the Agreement be amended and CCC determines that such amendment would serve the best interests of the EEP. The exporter may be required to submit documentary evidence to CCC to demonstrate that it is making progress toward fulfilling the Agreement before CCC will consider amending the Agreement. All requests for amendments submitted by exporters, and all amendments made by CCC to an Agreement, under this subpart shall be in writing.
- (2) Prior to amending an Agreement with the exporter, CCC will consider whether the amendment to the Agreement should include a reduction in the CCC bonus or a modification of the sales price. If CCC determines that the CCC bonus and the sales price are still acceptable, it may amend the Agreement to incorporate the exporter's requested change, while maintaining the current CCC bonus and sales price, provided that the amendment would otherwise serve the best interests of the EEP. If CCC determines that the CCC bonus and/or the sales price are no longer acceptable, due to changes in market or other conditions, it will so inform the exporter. If the exporter still requests that the Agreement be amended, CCC and the exporter will enter into discussions in an attempt to arrive at a new CCC bonus and/or sales price which would be acceptable to CCC. If these discussions are successful, then CCC may amend the Agreement to incorporate the exporter's requested change as well as the new CCC bonus and/or sales price, provided that the amendment would otherwise serve the best interests of the EEP. If these discussions are unsuccessful, then the Agreement will not be amended and the exporter will be considered to be in breach of the Agreement if it fails to

perform under the terms of the Agreement.

(j) Amendments to sales contracts. In the event of an amendment to the sales contract between the exporter and the eligible buyer or a change in the delivery schedule, CCC will determine whether the amendment or change would constitute a breach of the Agreement. If CCC determines that the amendment or change would constitute a breach of the Agreement, CCC may terminate the Agreement. In the alternative, if CCC determines that a continuation of the Agreement would serve the best interests of the EEP, and if the exporter requests an amendment, CCC may amend the Agreement to take into account the amendment to the sales contract or change in delivery schedule. An amendment to an Agreement will be in accordance with paragraph (i)(1) of this section. CCC will promptly advise the exporter of its determination in writing by letter, facsimile, or telex.

# $\S 1494.901$ Dispute resolution and appeals.

- (a) Dispute resolution. (1) The Director of the CCC Operations Division (Director, CCCOD) and the exporter will attempt to resolve any disputes, including any adverse determinations made by CCC, arising under the EEP, this subpart, the applicable Invitation, or the Agreement.
- (2) The exporter may seek reconsideration of a determination by the Director, CCCOD relating to the Agreement by submitting a letter requesting reconsideration to the Director, CCCOD, within 30 days of the date of the determination. For the purposes of this section, the date of a determination will be the date of the letter or other means of notification to the exporter of the determination. The exporter may include with the letter requesting reconsideration any additional information which it wishes the Director, CCCOD, to consider in reviewing its request. The Director, CCCOD, will respond to the request for reconsideration within

#### § 1494.901

30 days of the date on which the request or the final documentary evidence submitted by the exporter is received by him, whichever is later, unless the GSM extends the time permitted for response. If the exporter fails to request reconsideration of a determination by the Director, CCCOD, that the exporter owes any funds to CCC under the Agreement, then such funds will become a debt of the exporter to CCC at the expiration of the 30-day period for submitting such a request.

(3) If the exporter requested a reconsideration of a determination by the Director, CCCOD, pursuant to subparagraph (a)(2) of this section, and the Director, CCCOD, upheld the original determination, then the exporter may appeal the determination to the GSM in accordance with the procedures set forth in paragraph (b) of this section. If the exporter fails to appeal the determination to the GSM, then any funds owed to CCC will become a debt of the exporter to CCC at the expiration of the 30-day period for submitting an appeal to the GSM.

(b) Appeal procedures. (1) An exporter which has exhausted the procedures set forth in paragraph (a) of this section may appeal to the GSM a determination of the Director, CCCOD, relating to the Agreement between the exporter and CCC. An appeal to the GSM must be in writing and filed with the office of the GSM no later than 30 days following the date of the final determination by the Director, CCCOD. In this appeal to the GSM, the exporter shall be entitled to an administrative hearing before the GSM, if the exporter indicates in its appeal letter that it desires such a hearing.

(2) If the exporter does not desire an administrative hearing, the exporter may submit any additional written information or documentation which it desires the GSM to consider in acting upon its appeal. This information or documentation may be submitted to the GSM up until the time that a decision is made by the GSM. The GSM will base the determination upon information contained in the administrative record. The GSM will endeavor to make a decision on an appeal not involving a hearing within 60 days of the

date on which the GSM receives the appeal or the date that final documentary evidence is submitted by the exporter to the GSM, whichever is later.

(3) If the exporter has indicated that it desires an administrative hearing, the GSM will set a date and time for the hearing which is mutually convenient for the GSM and the exporter. This date will ordinarily be within 60 days of the date on which the GSM receives the request for hearing. The hearing will be an informal procedure. The exporter and/or its counsel may present any administrative or documentary evidence to the GSM which it desires to have the GSM consider in making a determination. A transcript of the hearing will not ordinarily be prepared unless the exporter bears the costs involved in preparing the transcript, although the GSM may arrange to have a transcript prepared at the expense of the Government if it is determined to be appropriate. The exporter may provide additional written information to the GSM up until the time that the GSM makes a determination. The GSM will base the determination upon the information contained in the administrative record and will endeavor to make a decision within 60 days of the date of the hearing or the date of receipt of the transcript, if one is to be prepared, whichever is later.

(4) The decision of the GSM will be the final determination of CCC and the exporter will be entitled to no further administrative appellate rights.

(5) If the GSM upholds a determination of the Director, CCCOD, that the exporter owes any funds to CCC under the Agreement, then such funds will become a debt of the exporter to CCC.

(c) Failure to comply with determination. If, for any reason, the exporter has failed to pay funds to CCC which have been determined to be owed to CCC under the Agreement and the exporter has exhausted its rights under this section or has failed to exercise such rights, then CCC will have the right to withdraw funds from the performance security established by the exporter or to take any other measures available to CCC as result of this subpart or any laws or regulations, including debt settlement regulations, applicable to CCC.

## Commodity Credit Corporation, USDA

(d) Exporter's obligation to perform. The exporter will continue to have an obligation to perform under the Agreement pending the conclusion of all procedures under this section.

## §1494.1001 Miscellaneous provisions.

- (a) Assignments. The exporter may not assign the Agreement or any rights thereunder, including the right to receive a bonus under the Agreement.
- (b) Maintenance of records and access to premises. (1) For a period of five years after CCC agrees to the cancellation of an exporter's performance security for an Agreement, the exporter must maintain accurate records showing sales and deliveries of the eligible commodity exported in connection with the Agreement. The Secretary of Agriculture and the Comptroller General of the United States, through their authorized representatives, will have full and complete access to the premises of the exporter during regular business hours from the effective date of the Agreement until the expiration of such five-year period to inspect, examine, audit and make copies of the exporter's books, records and accounts concerning transactions relating to the Agreement, including, but not limited to, financial records and accounts pertaining to sales, inventory, processing, and administrative and incidental costs, both normal and unforeseen. From the effective date of the Agreement and until the expiration of such five-year period, the exporter may be required to make available to the Secretary of Agriculture and the Comptroller General of the United States, through their authorized representatives, records that pertain to transactions conducted outside the program. if, in the opinion of the GSM, such records would pertain directly to the review of transactions undertaken by the exporter in connection with the performance of an EEP Agreement.
- (2) The exporter must maintain the certification of entry specified in §1494.401(f)(2), and must provide access to such document if requested by the Secretary of Agriculture or an authorized representative, for the five-year period specified in subparagraph (b)(1) of this section.

- (c) Arrival verification reviews. CCC will review, on an annual basis, a sufficient number of exports made in connection with EEP Agreements to ensure that the eligible commodity which was exported pursuant to each such Agreement arrived in the eligible country specified in the Agreement.
- (d) Signatory on certifications. Any certification required from a person pursuant to this subpart or an Invitation must be signed by the person, if an individual, or by a partner or officer of the person, if the person is a partnership or a corporation, respectively.
- (e) Officials not to benefit. No member of or Delegate to Congress, or Resident Commissioner, will participate or share in any of the benefits of any Agreement entered into pursuant to the EEP, but this provision may not be construed to extend to an Agreement made by CCC with a corporation for its general benefit.
- (f) Paperwork Reduction Act. The information collection requirements contained in this subpart have been approved by the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) in accordance with the provisions of 44 U.S.C. chapter 35 and have been assigned OMB control number 0551–0028.
- (g) Waiver of irregularities. CCC reserves the right to waive any informality or minor irregularity with respect to any aspect of the operation of the EEP or any Agreement executed thereunder in order to best accomplish the purposes of the program.

#### Subpart C—Dairy Export Incentive Program Criteria

AUTHORITY: 7 U.S.C. 5663.

Source: 56 FR 26324, June 7, 1991, unless otherwise noted.

#### §1494.1100 General statement.

This subpart sets forth the criteria to be considered in evaluating and approving proposals for initiatives to facilitate export sales under the Commodity Credit Corporation's (CCC) Dairy Export Incentive Program (DEIP). These criteria are interrelated and will be considered together in order to select eligible commodities and eligible countries for DEIP initiatives which will